

Utilizing social media to engage students to in an ESP learning program

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Introduction

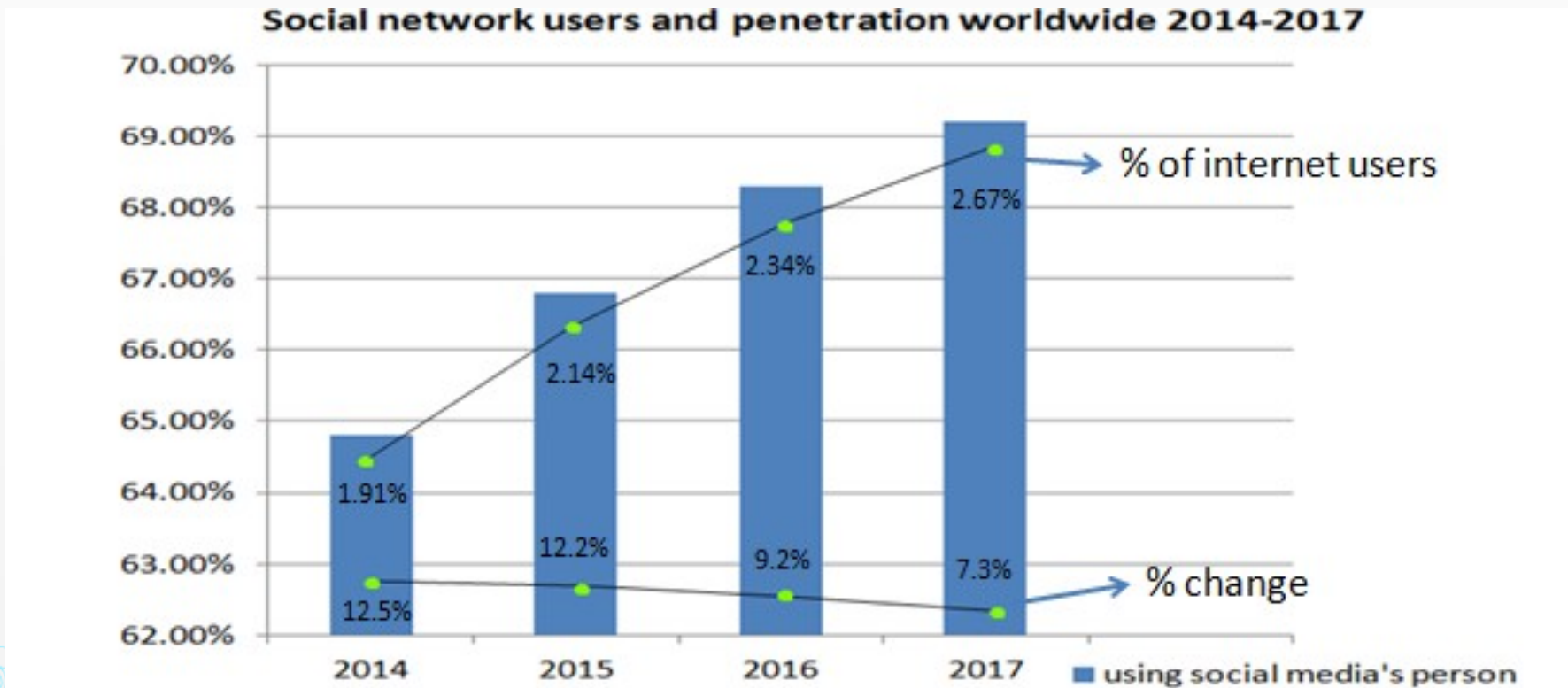


Research background

- With time passing, the number of social media users on Facebook, YouTube, Twitter, and Weibo continues to increase.
- The functions of these social media also continue to progress and become more convenient and practical.



- According to eMarketer's Research, there were 16.1 billion people using social media at least once a month in 2013. And eMarketer estimates that social media users will reach 23.3 billion in 2017.



Purpose of study

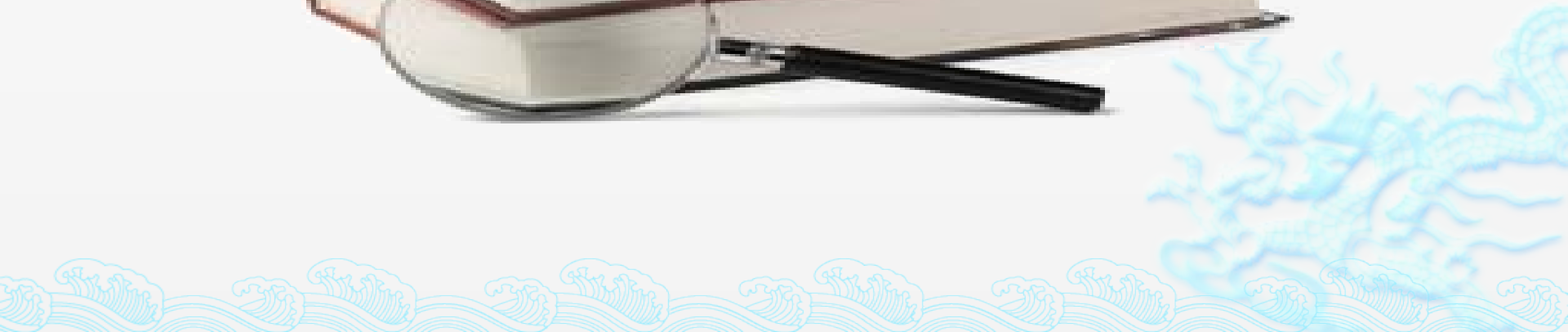
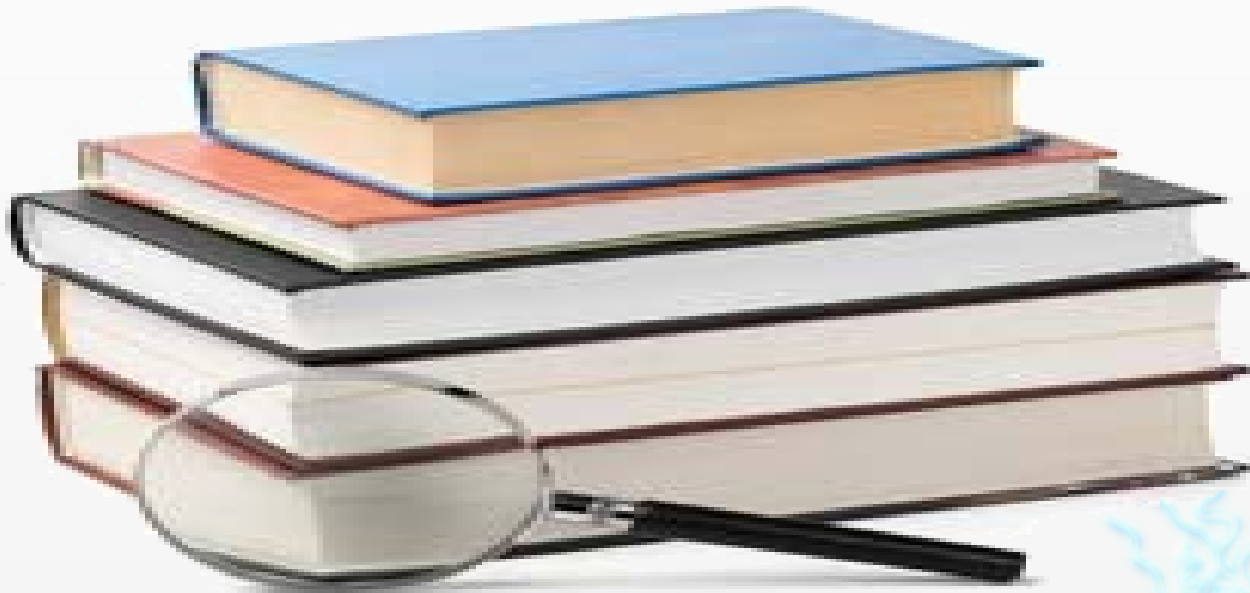
- We make suggestions for the integration of social media into the teaching of college instructors to improve the effectiveness of teaching and learning as well as enhance learning motivation and attitude.

Three research objectives

Whether the integration of social media into teaching can improve

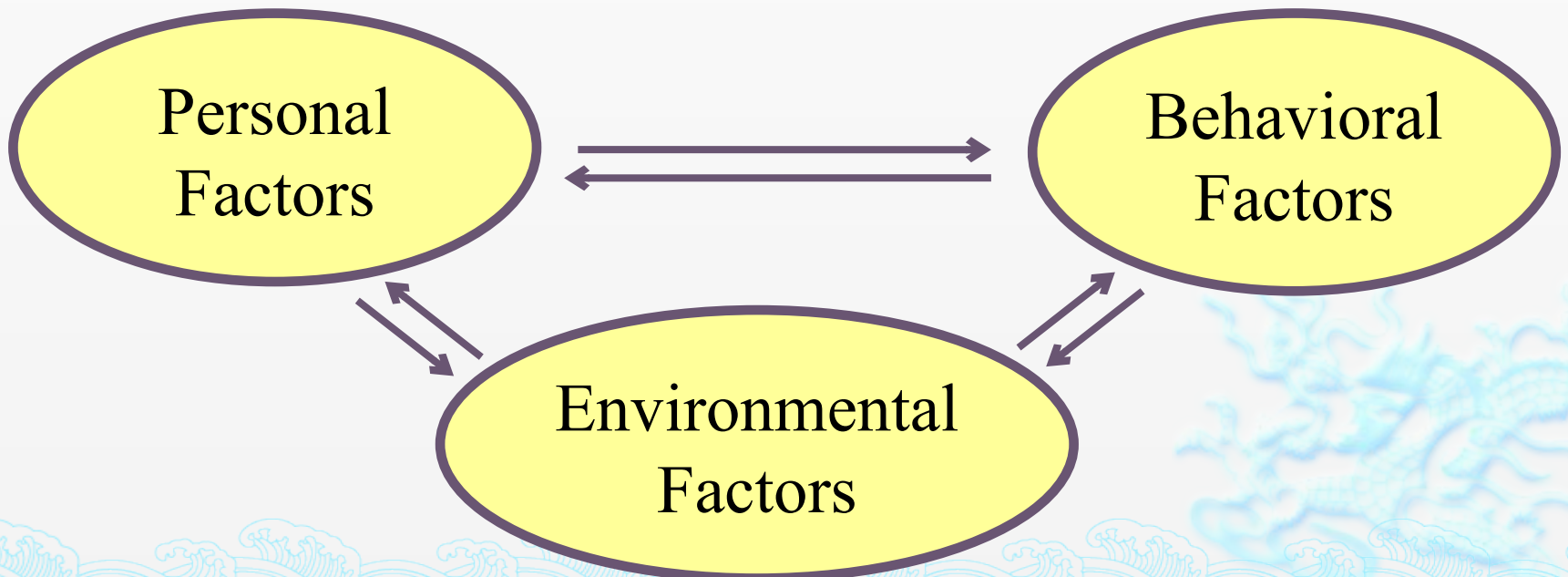
- student's learning motivation.
- interaction between students and teachers.
- learning efficiency.

Literature Review



Theoretical Basis : Triadic Reciprocal Determinism

Human beings' learning behaviors are a triangular structure which is formed by three factors: **personal factors**, **behavioral factors** and **environmental factors**.



Difference of Culture

Independent (individualism)	Interdependent (collectivism)
West Europe U.S. Australia	Asia South Europe South America

The individual psychological factors, including how a person builds interpersonal relationship between self and the public, may affect the interaction between the individual and society subconsciously (Cross, Hardin, & Gercek-Swing, 2010).

Independent and Interdependent

The definition of the conception of self-construal that frequency of contact with individuals and groups would use different forms to display a person's thoughts, feelings and behavioral responses. (Markus & Kitayama, 1991; Singelis, 1994).

Independent (individualism)	Interdependent (collectivism)
Autonomy Integrity Individualism Inherent potentiality Originality of thoughts	Cognition Emotion Behavioral intention Groups

ESP learner's Interactivity

- Through sharing and creating information, people maintain and establish interpersonal relationships with each other (Kietzmann, Hermkens, McCarthy, & Silvestre, 2011).
- The interactivity of social media is the most important thing when it was designed (Ariel & Avidar, 2015; Jiang, Chan, Tan, & Chua, 2010).
- The viewpoint based on cognition because it helped take in consideration community features when studying in ESP learners' viewpoints. Combined with previous studies, this paper defines interactivity as the extent which a learner can **control information changes** and **connect with others**.

Using social media to help foreign

Using

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-
-

They
facilitate



ents.

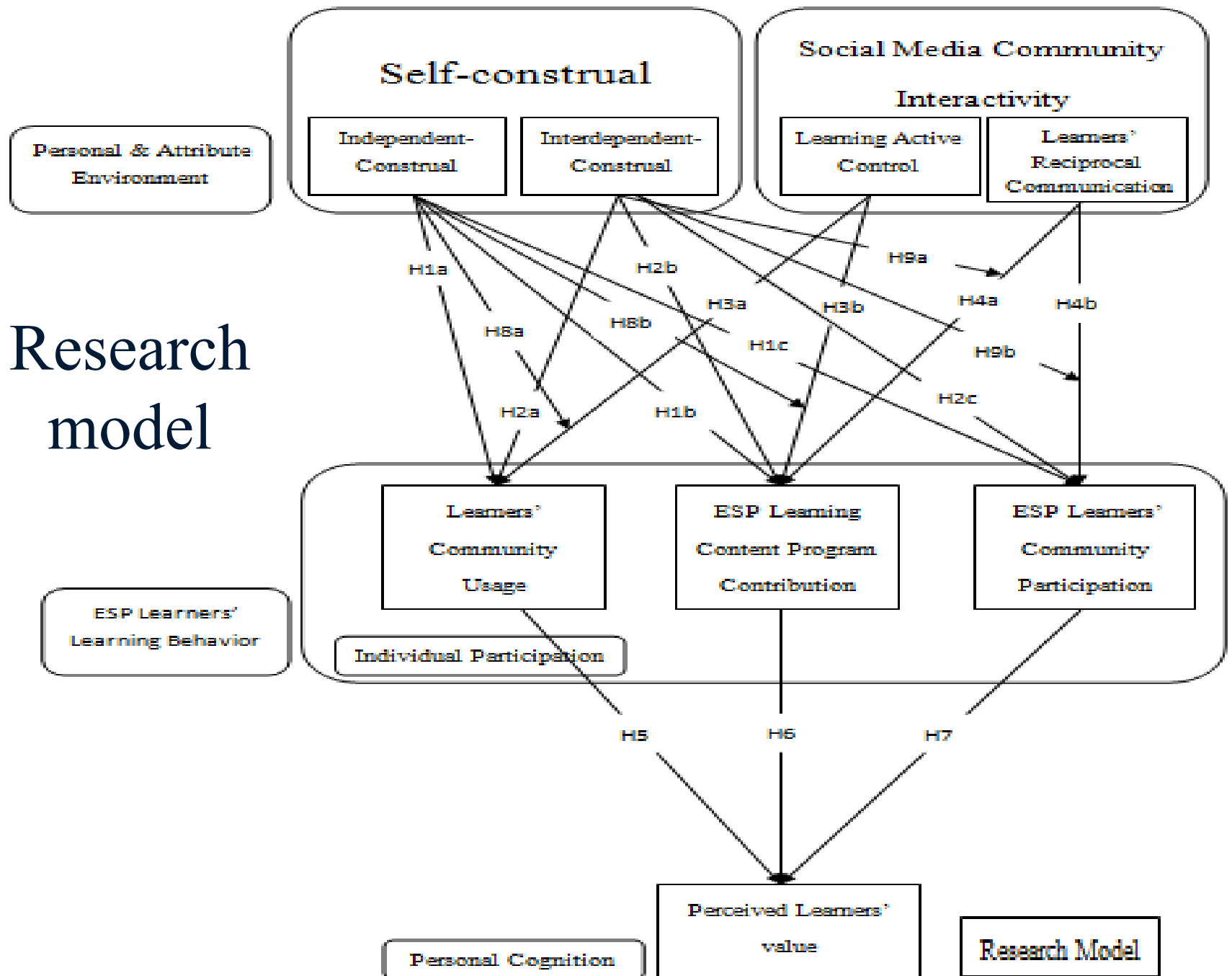
Advantages of utilizing technology to help learning

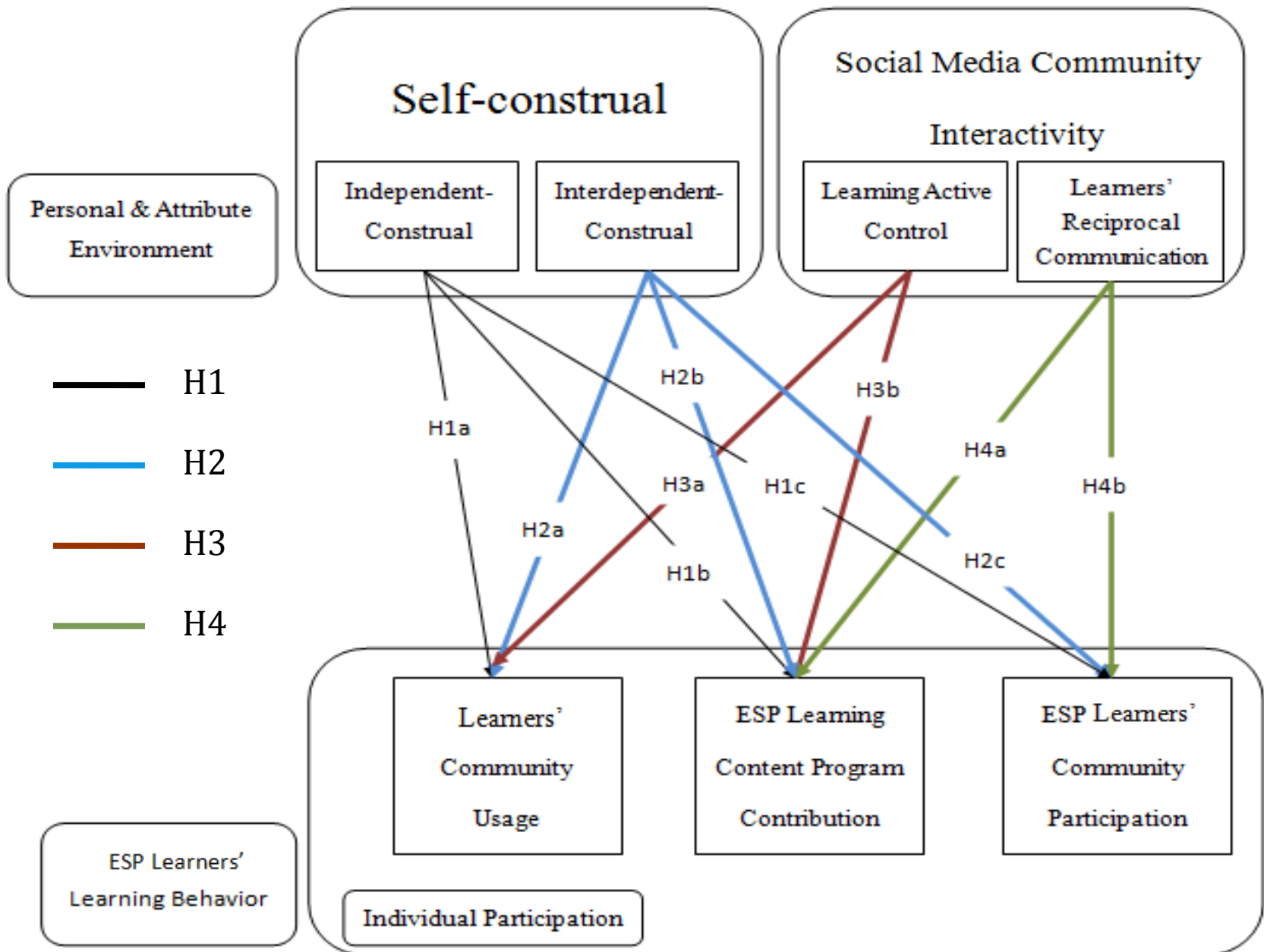
- In a foreign language learning class, structured web – based discussion is beneficial both to **students' language production** and **their application of cognitive skills** (Chang 2013).
- Students learning within a web-based environment with self-regulated learning strategies became more **responsible for their own learning, more intrinsically orientated** and **more challengeable** (Chang 2005).

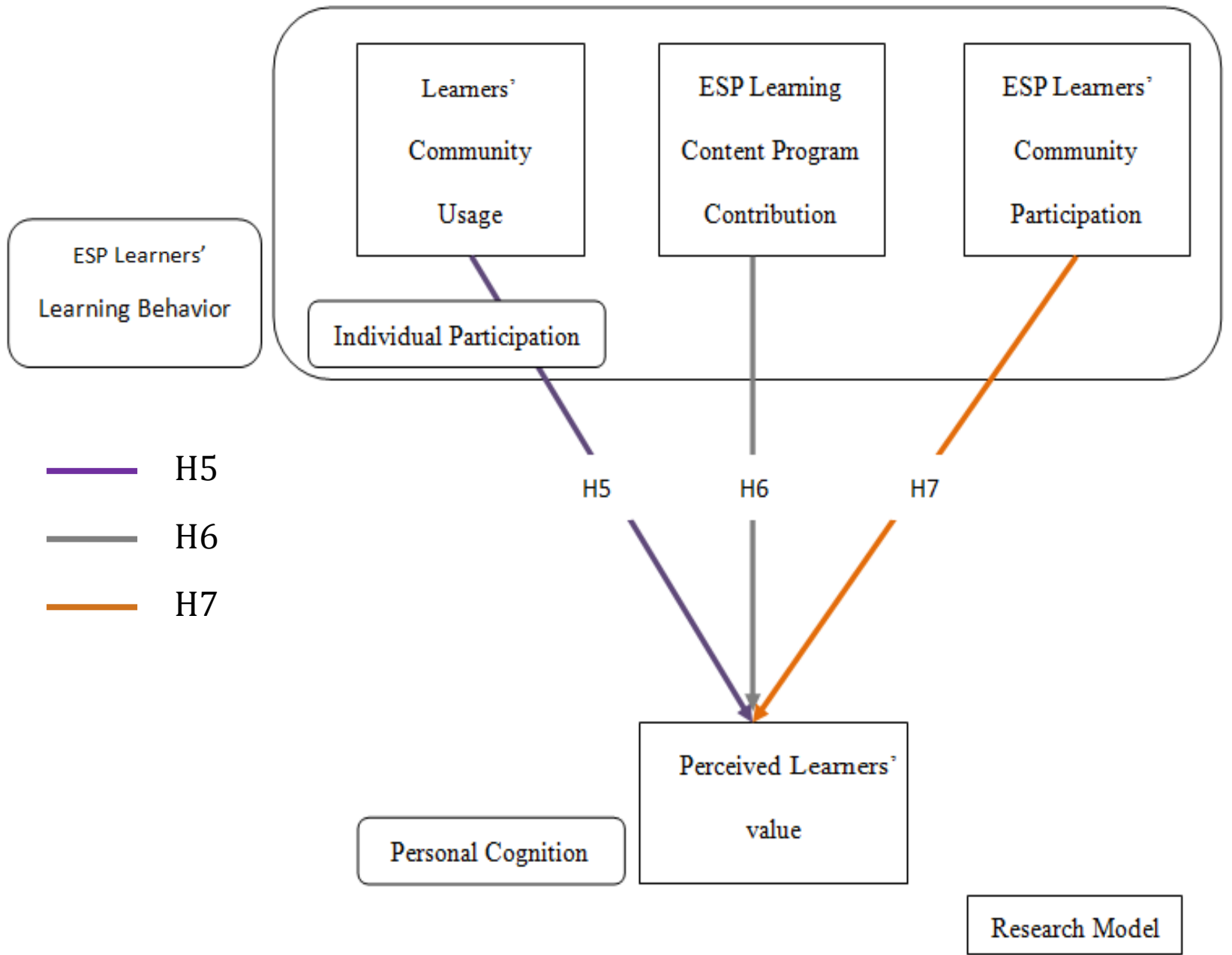
Research model and hypotheses

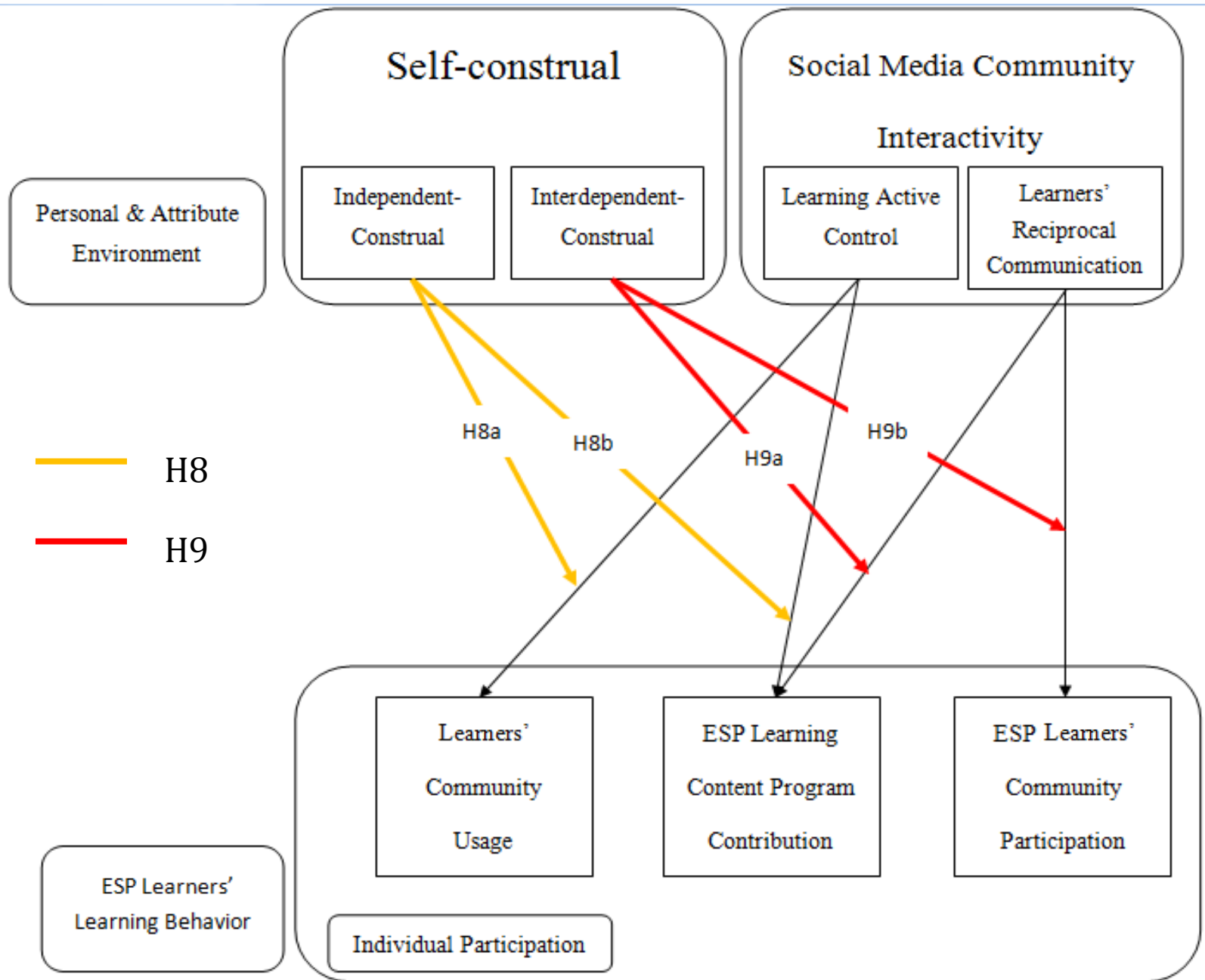


Research model











Result

Measures

- In order to support the thesis of this study, a questionnaire survey was done to verify our hypotheses. We use online and paper questionnaires to conduct the survey in the meantime so as to increase the validity.
- After collecting these data, this study applies **IMB** **SPSS Statistics 22** and **AMOS 21** to do data analysis.

Table 1

Demographic information (N = 494)			
Variable	Category	Numbers	Percentage
Gender	Male	236	47.8%
	Female	258	52.2%
Age	<20	121	24.5%
	21~30	363	73.5%
	31~40	7	1.4%
	41~50	3	0.6%
	>51	0	0%
Education	Elementary school or to learn to read	0	0%
	Junior high school	5	1%
	Senior high school	67	13.6%
	University of science and technology	399	80.8%
	Graduate school or above	23	4.7%
Occupation	Student	453	91.7%
	Service industry	17	3.4%
	Shipping or air transport industry	3	0.6%
	Civil service	6	1.2%
	Retire	1	0.2%
	Others	14	2.8%
Location	Northern part	120	24.3%
	Middle part	63	12.8%
	Southern part	94	19%
	Eastern part	30	6.1%
	Outlying islands	184	37.2%
	Others	3	0.6%

Table2

Factor loadings

Constructs and

0.73

0.88

Independent-C
 IND1: I take th
 IND2: Self- ide
 0.62
 IND3: I have o
 and I know wh
 IND4: I enjoy f
 0.81
 IND5: I can us
 Interdepende
 INT1: My happ
 INT2: In my gr
 INT3: I would s
 INT4: I would l
 INT5: I would l
 ESP Learner A
 AFC1: Using sc
 can learn it.
 AFC2: Using sc
 learn.
 AFC3: Using sc
 learn and who
 AFC4: Using sc
 activities.
 Learns' Recipi
 REC1: Using so
 REC2: Using so
 learning meml
 REC3: Using so
 members effe
 REC4: I will en
 ESP Learner C
 COMU1: I freq
 COMU2: I ofte
 COMU3: I reg
 COMU4: I rare

Alpha

Independent-Construal (Cronbach's Alpha =0.88)

0.85

0.83

0.69

Interdependent-Construal (Cronbach's Alpha =0.88)

0.57

0.58

Learning Active control (Cronbach's Alpha =0.88)

0.64

0.56

Learns' Reciprocal communication(Cronbach's Alpha =0.90)

0.76

Learner Community Usage (Cronbach's Alpha =0.61)

0.81

0.80

ESP Learning Content Program Contribution (Cronbach's Alpha =0.88)

0.74

ESP Learner's Community Participation(Cronbach's Alpha=0.89)

Perceived ESP Learner Value (Cronbach's Alpha =0.93)

0.74

0.70

0.86

KMO and Bartlett Test

Kaiser-Meyer-Olkin Test for Sampling Adequacy		.936
Bartlett's Sphericity Test	χ^2	13504.111
	df	561
	significance	.000

Table 3

		INDC	INTC	LAC	LRC	LCU	LCPC	LCP	PLV
INDC	Pearson Significant	1							
INTC			1						
LAC									
LRC									
LCU									
LCPC									
LCP	Pearson Significant	.111 *	.111 *	.259 **	.438 **	.578 **	.702 **	1	
PLV	Pearson Significant	.372 **	.372 **	.551 **	.620 **	.414 **	.416 **	.611 **	1

		INDC	INTC
LCPC	Pearson Significant	.060 .186	.060 .186

Hypotheses testing

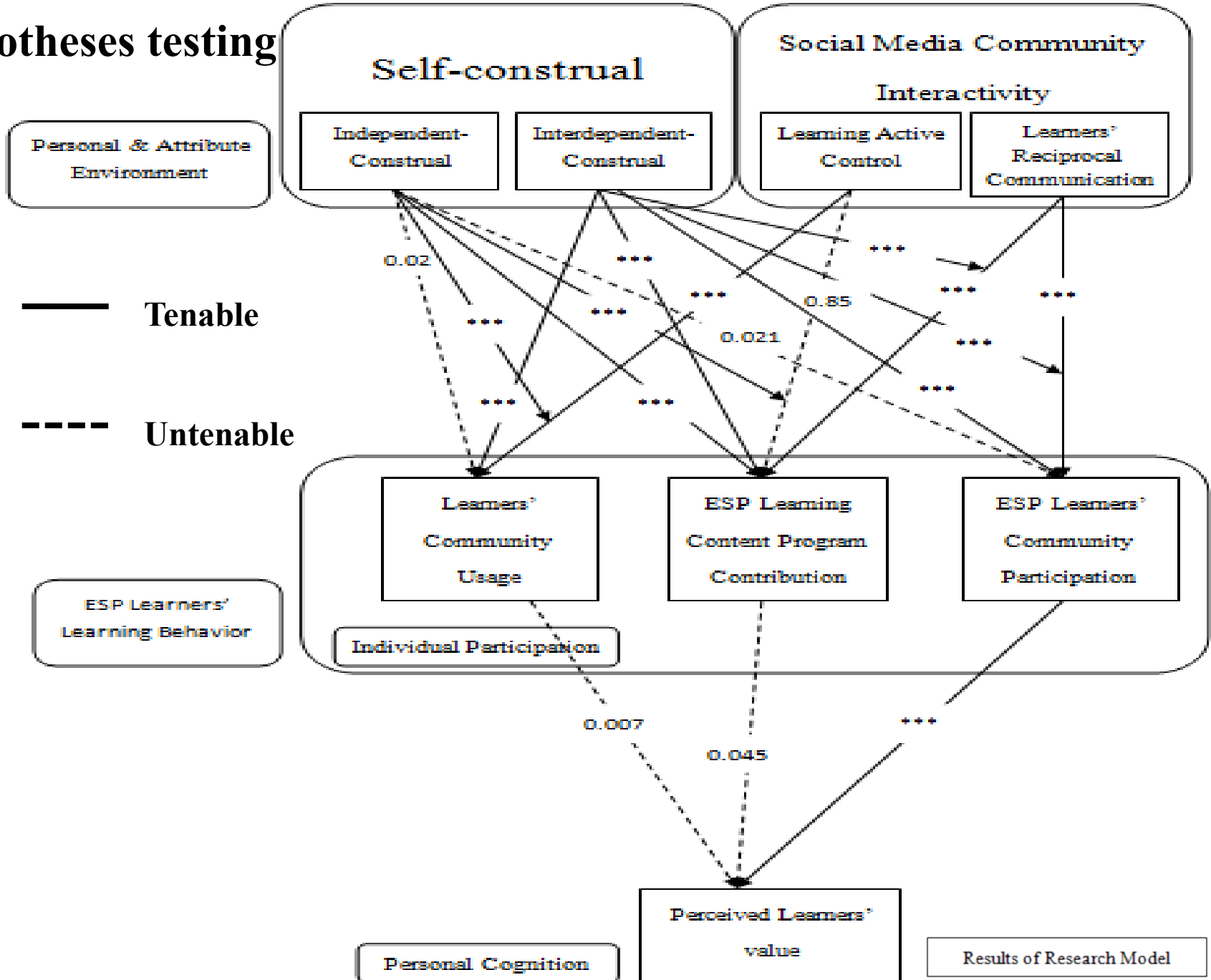


Table4

Results of H8 and H9					
Path		Coefficient	P-value	Hypothesis	support
Independent-construal” Learning Active Control Community Usage	Learner	0.24	0.000	H8a	Yes
Independent-construal” Learning Active control content Program Contribution	ESP Learning	0.13	0.003	H8b	Yes
Interdependent-construal” Learners’ Reciprocal Communication ESP Learning content Program Contribution		0.24	0.000	H9a	Yes
Interdependent-construal” Learners’ Reciprocal Communication ESP Learners’ Community Participation		0.36	0.000	H9b	yes

Discussion and Suggestion



Discussion

- Most of our hypotheses are tenable expect two hypotheses and three extensions.
- Extensions A and C of hypothesis 1
- The Extension B of hypothesis 3
- Hypotheses 5 and 6



Suggestion

- This research project is focused on **maritime English** as its ESP content.
- The reason may influence the results:
 1. **The scope of the study**
 2. **The category of ESP**
 3. **Cultural difference**
- Hope future study can integrate students of **Western countries** into subjects to increase the diversity of the data.



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